

AUTHORISATION FOR TRANSPORTATION 2020

Authorisation for a child to be transported must be given by a parent or other person named in the child's enrollment record as having authority to authorise transportation of a child.

Children's names	
Reason to be transported Description of where the child is to be transported	Before School Care Children are picked up from WEMOOSH (Crebert Street, Mayfield East) and are transported to school (Elizabeth Street, Tighes Hill). After School Care Children are picked up from their school (Elizabeth Street, Tighes Hill) and are transported to WEMOOSH (Crebert Street, Mayfield East) located on the grounds of Mayfield East Public School for After School Care.
Description of the proposed pick-up location and destination	Before School Care & After School Care Bus stop located at the front of Tighes Hill Public School (Elizabeth Street, Tighes Hill).
Means of transport	Before School Care & After School Care Transported by 12-seat mini buses operated by WEMOOSH educators.
Period of time during which the child is to be transported	Before & After School School Care 3 minutes (1.8km).
Anticipated number of children likely to be transported	Up to 10 children on each bus, depending on bookings.
Number of educators accompanying and supervising children during transportation	Before School Care & After School Care 1 educator driving the vehicle, 1 driver supervising children.
I authorise WEMOOSH to regularly transport my child/ren based on the information provided.	
Carer name	
Signature and date	

- > A risk assessment has been prepared for this authorisation and is available at the service.
- > Written policies and procedures for transporting children are available at the service.



Road Rules 2014 Current version for 14 August 2020 to date (accessed 20 August 2020) Part 16 Rule 266

266 Wearing of seatbelts by passengers under 16 years old

- (1) The driver of a motor vehicle (except a bus or motor bike) that is moving, or is stationary but not parked, must ensure that this rule is complied with for each passenger in or on the vehicle who is under 16 years old.
- (2B) If the passenger is 4 years old or older, but is less than 7 years old, he or she must—
 - (a) be restrained in a suitable and properly fastened and adjusted forward facing approved child restraint that has an inbuilt harness, or
 - (b) be placed on a properly positioned approved booster seat and be restrained by either a suitable lap and sash type approved seatbelt that is properly adjusted and fastened, or by a suitable approved child safety harness that is properly adjusted and fastened.
- Note 1. Approved booster seat, approved child restraint and approved child safety harness are defined in subrule (7) and forward facing is defined in subrule (6A).
- (3A) A passenger who is 4 years old or older, but is less than 7 years old, must not be in the front row of a motor vehicle that has 2 or more rows of seats unless there is no available seating position in the row or rows behind the front row in which the passenger can sit in accordance with this rule.
- (3A-1) For the purposes of subrule (3A), an available seating position includes a seating position that is occupied by another passenger who would, under this Part, be able to occupy a different seating position, but does not include a seating position in a part of the vehicle that is designed primarily for the carriage of goods.

Example. Subrule (3A) would permit a 6 year old to sit in the front row of a vehicle that has 2 rows of seats if 2 occupied approved child restraints in the back row encroached on an empty seating position between them in a way that made it impossible for another approved child restraint or booster seat to be placed in that position.

- (4) If the passenger is at least 7 years old but under 16 years old—
 - (a) he or she must be placed on a properly positioned approved booster seat and be restrained by a seatbelt that is properly adjusted and fastened, or
 - (b) he or she-
 - (i) must occupy a seating position that is fitted with a suitable approved seatbelt, and
 - (ii) must not occupy the same seating position as another passenger (whether or not the other passenger is exempt from wearing a seatbelt under rule 267), and
 - (iii) must wear the seatbelt properly adjusted and fastened.
- (6) For this rule—

- (a) an approved child restraint is available in the motor vehicle for a passenger if an approved child restraint is fitted in the vehicle and is not occupied by someone else under 16 years old, and
- (b) an approved child restraint or approved seatbelt is suitable for a passenger if it is suitable for restraining, or to be worn by the passenger.
- (6A) For this rule, a child restraint that is properly fastened and adjusted—
 - (a) is forward facing if, once it restrains a passenger, his or her head is closer to the rear of the vehicle than his or her feet, and
 - (b) is rearward facing if, once it restrains a passenger, his or her feet are closer to the rear of the vehicle than his or her head.

(7) In this rule-

approved booster seat means any of the following—

- (a) a booster seat or booster cushion that—
 - (i) is or was designated as a Type E or Type F child restraint under the relevant Australian Standard, and
 - (ii) complies with the edition of the relevant Australian Standard that was in force at the time of its manufacture in Australia or importation into Australia (as the case may be) or with any later edition of the Standard in force at the time the seat or cushion is being used, and
 - (iii) has an identifying mark from a body accredited or approved by the Joint Accreditation System of Australia and New Zealand that certifies compliance with the edition concerned of the Standard,

Relevant Australian Standard means any of the following editions of the Australian/New Zealand Standard for child restraint systems for use in motor vehicles (as in force from time to time)—

- (a) AS/NZS 1754:1995,
- (b) AS/NZS 1754:2000,
- (c) AS/NZS 1754:2004,
- (d) any subsequent edition of the Standard.